

# Valuing ecosystem services at the project level: what do we want to achieve and how best to go about it?

EU LIFE Platform Event “Costing the Earth?”

10-12 May 2017

Tallinn, Estonia

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# Who we are

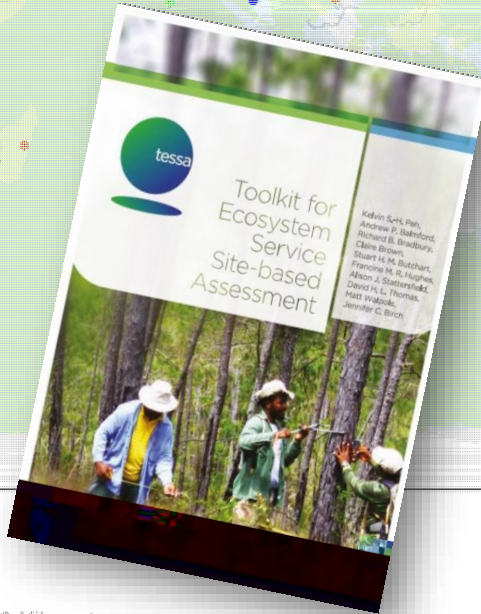
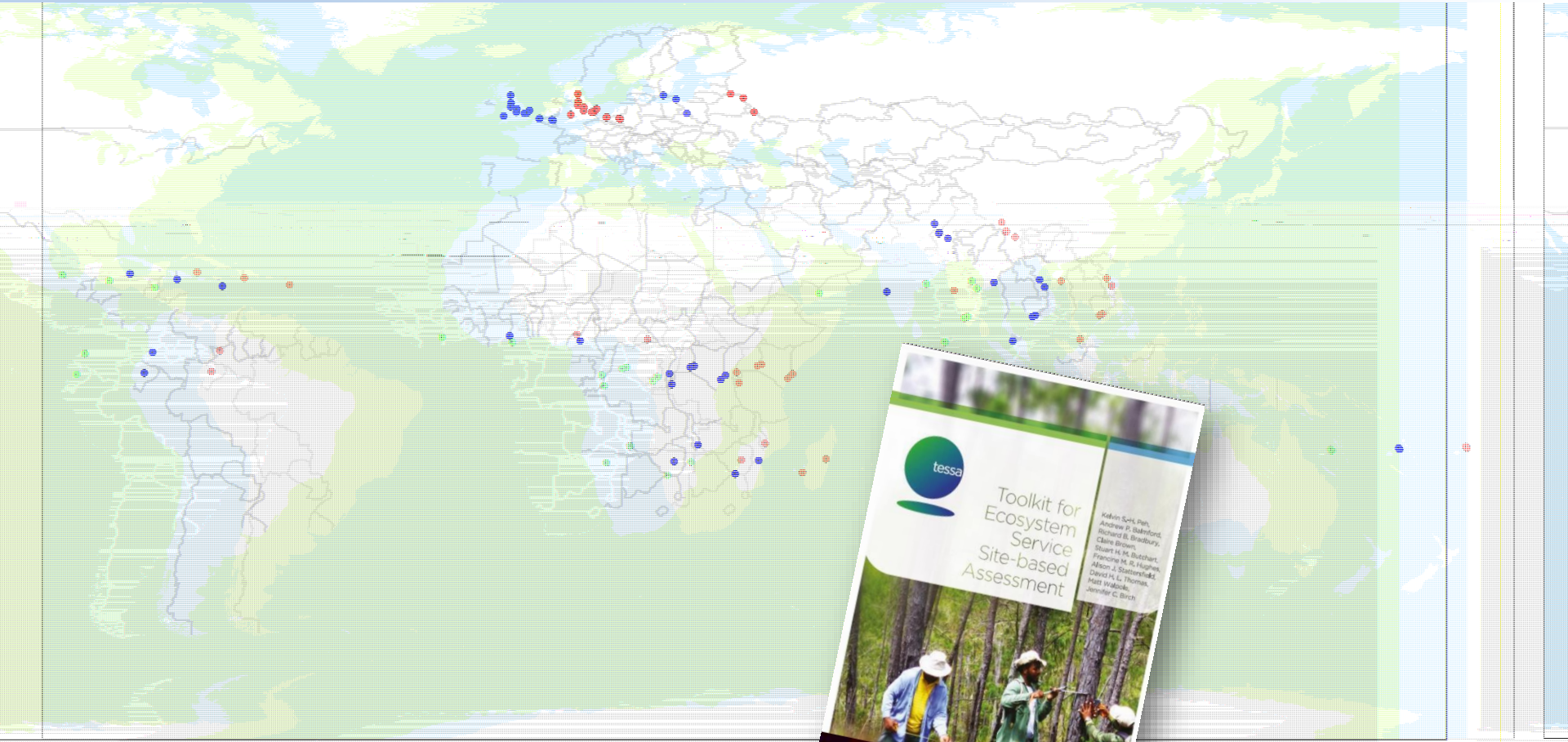
## The global Partnership for nature and people



Partnership for nature and people



# Who we are

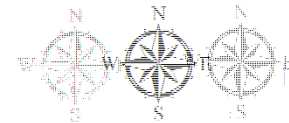


## Legend

Locations of sites using the TESSA Toolkit

0 1,500 3,000 4,500 6,000 Kilometers

0 1,500 3,000 4,500 6,000 Miles



Produced by the Information Management Division, BirdLife International, March 2015



- EU Biodiversity Strategy 2020 (Target 2)
- 7<sup>th</sup> Environmental Action Plan
- Water Framework Directive
- Natura 2000
- Sectoral policies

*By 2020, ecosystems and their services are maintained and enhanced by establishing green infrastructure and restoring at least 15% of degraded ecosystems.*

SUSTAINABLE  
DEVELOPMENT  
GOALS



Living well, within  
the limits of our planet  
7th Environment Action Programme

# Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystems and their Services (MAES)

→ Action 5 of the EU Biodiversity Strategy

*“Map and assess the state and economic value of ecosystems and their services in the entire EU territory; promote the recognition of their economic worth into accounting and reporting systems”*

→ OpenNESS; OPERAs; ESMERALDA



# Natural Capital

The stock of renewable and non-renewable resources that combine to yield a flow of benefits to people

- Ecosystem Accounts (national and business level)
- UK Government Natural Capital Committee
- EU Business & Biodiversity Platform – Natural Capital Accounting workstream
- Natural Capital Coalition



NATURAL  
CAPITAL  
COALITION

# Initiatives & Tools



**Co\$ting Nature**



UNEP WCMC



**ARIES**  
Artificial Intelligence  
for Ecosystem Services

**InVEST**  
integrated valuation of  
environmental services  
and tradeoffs



**SoIVES**  
Social Values for Ecosystem Services



**RIOS**



tessa

**LUCI**



LAND UTILISATION & CAPABILITY INDICATOR

**The Protected Areas Benefits Assessment Tool**

### Guidelines for applicants 2014 - LIFE Nature and Biodiversity 2.4.7 Monitoring of the impact of project actions (obligatory)

- Each proposal ...must also include two separate actions aimed to assess the **socio-economic impact** of the project actions on the local economy and population, and to assess the project's impact on the **ecosystem functions**.
- The direct linkages between the project measures and **key ecosystem services** provided, such as carbon sequestration, water purification, pollination, etc. should be clearly assessed in economic terms.
- All these should be consistent in so far as possible with the **MAES** methodology



### Guidelines for applicants 2014 - LIFE Nature and Biodiversity LIFE 2014-2020 monitoring indicators

- ...one primary objective of the assessment in the LIFE project is to analyse the possible **effect of project actions on ecosystem service(s)**.
- ...take into account the **scale** and **timeframe** of the project, the **data** and **expertise** needed/ available, and the **importance** of/the demand for the ecosystem service(s) to be assessed at the local, regional and/or EU scale.
- **Stakeholder involvement** in the process and transparent communication of the assessment results is key.

# LIFE Nature projects - Survey

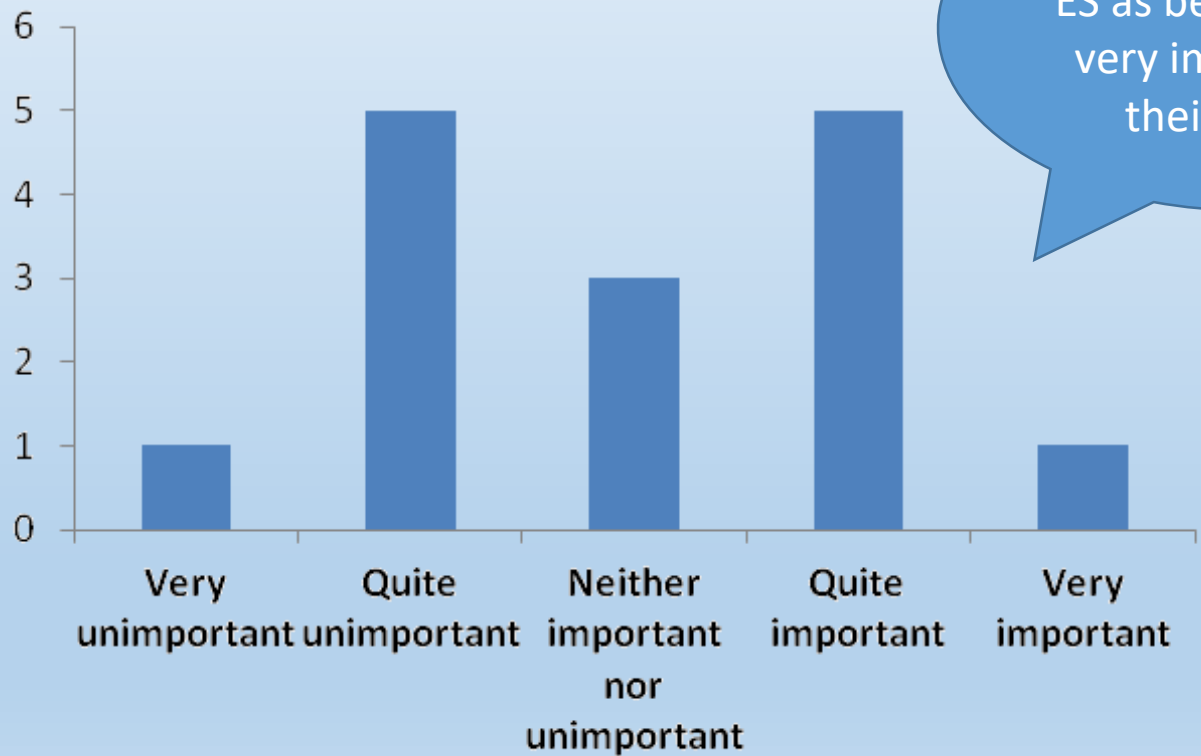
LIFE Nature Projects - Ecosystem Service Assessments



giving nature a home

Funding year	Responses
2003, 2007	1 each
2009	1
2011	3
2012	2
2013	1
2014	4
2015	2
TOTAL	15

# 14/15 of the LIFE Nature projects we surveyed are aware of the ES requirement



6 projects identified ES as being quite or very important to their project

# What have people understood the requirement to mean?

Unclear what the requirements are and whether this is the same as the "assess project actions on **ecosystem function**"

We need to assess the impact of project conservation actions on **ecosystem services**, such as: clean water, food provision, benefits for human health and culture, etc.

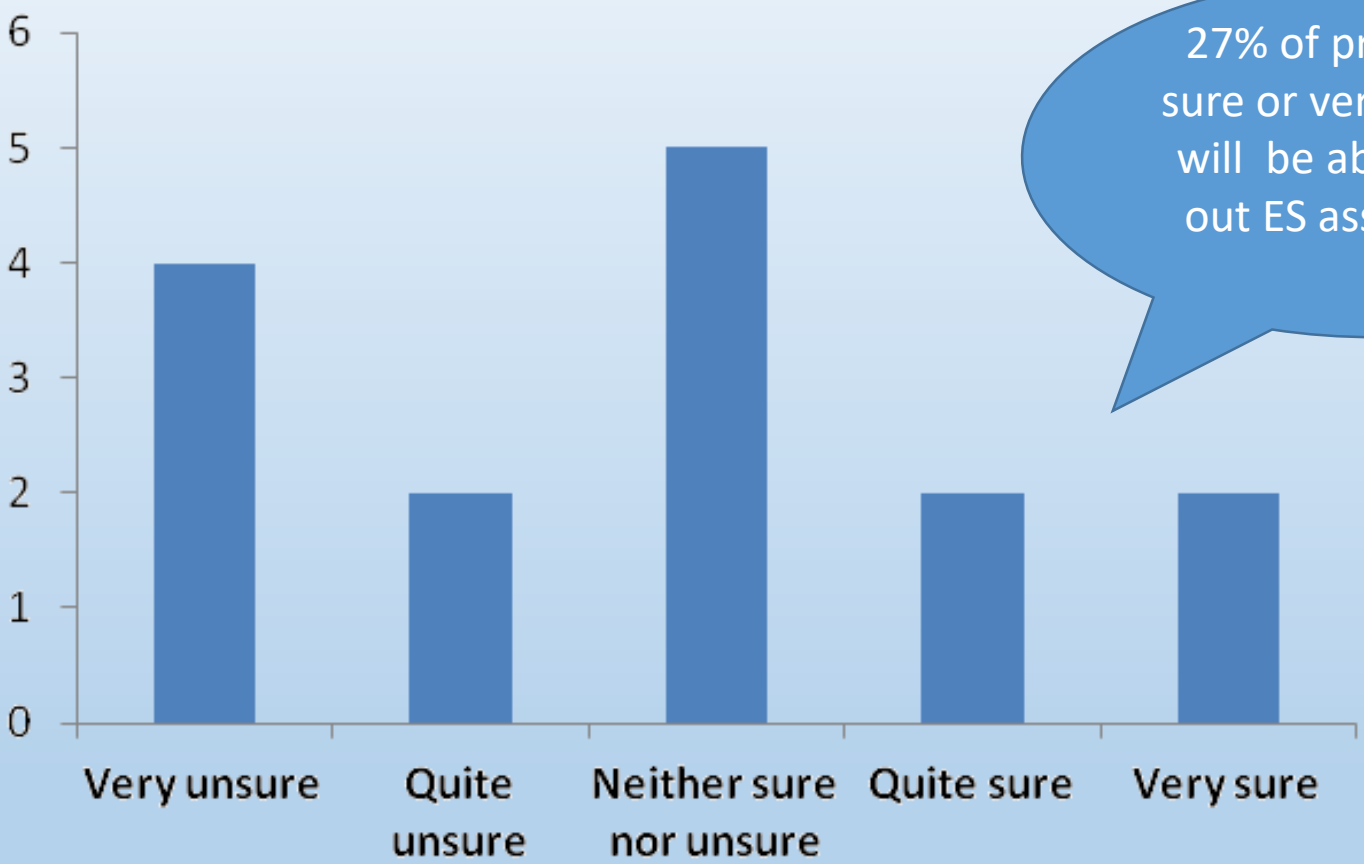
Identify the impact of the project actions in increasing functionalities of ecosystems and **delivery of benefits** to local, national or global population.

We will be doing a **socio economic report** for the project

"Not sure. The LIFE regulations and **guidelines are not explicit...**"



# LIFE Nature projects - Survey



27% of projects are sure or very sure they will be able to carry out ES assessments



## LIFE Nature projects - Examples

# Olive Alive

The olive grove forms a part of our story, and is an unquestionable element of the landscape and cultural heritage of the Mediterranean since thousands of years ago. For the Greeks and Romans, it was a totemic tree, a symbol of immortality, peace, strength, victory and hope.

# LIFE Nature projects - Examples





### Projects reported a lack of:

- Capacity (time)
- Resources (equipment, budget)
- Understanding of methods
- Experience/skills
- Clarity in LIFE Guidelines



# What would help?

- Sharing experiences
- Access to examples
- Standard methods / common guidelines
- Out-sourcing / contracting services
- Training / workshops



# How best to go about it?

## Our top tips

1. **Understand why** you are doing an ES assessment
2. Decide what level of detail you need and what **data** to collect. Which services?
3. Identify what **resources** you have and what you need.
4. Choose your **methods/tools** according to capacity, time, money available.



# How best to go about it?

## Quarry Curfs

1. Why?
2. Data
3. Resources
4. Methods



# How best to go about it?

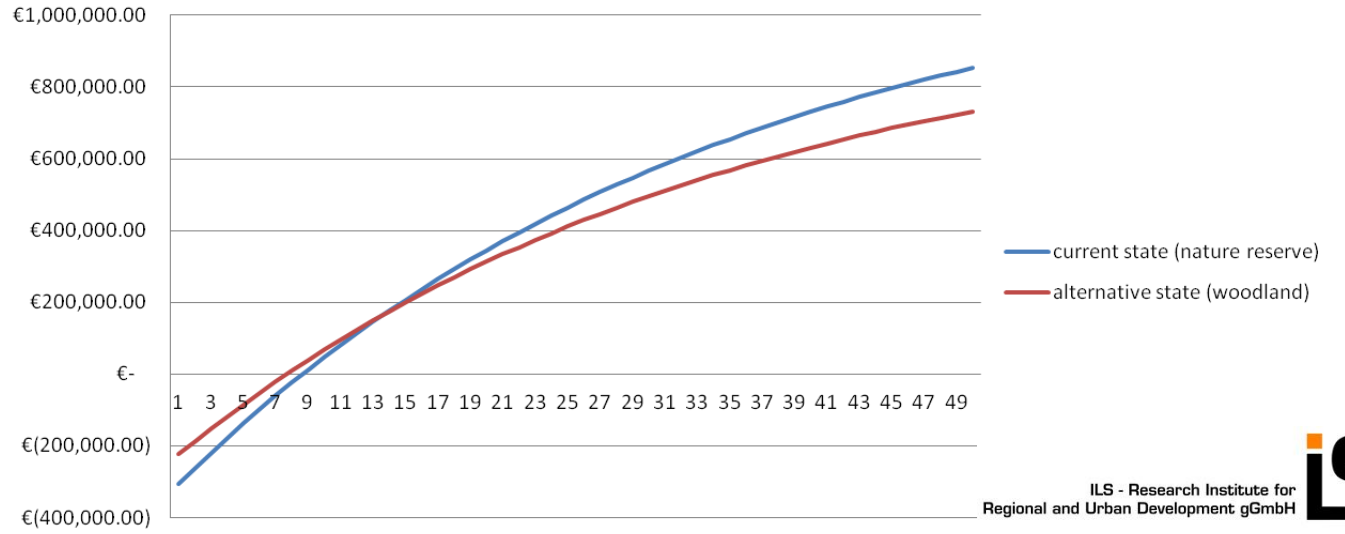
## Quarry Curfs

	Visitors/Users	Annual carbon storage (tons)	investment costs	maintenance costs
Current state (nature reserve)	4401	48.86	306,787 €	12,960 €
Alternative state (woodland)	3440	67.80	224,177 €	9,360 €

carbon price	cost per km	Discount rate
39 €	0,30 €	3 %

N = 103

Cumulative net benefits



ILS - Research Institute for Regional and Urban Development gGmbH



# The main output of this platform meeting....

**To develop a guidance document for assessing and applying ecosystem services concepts at both the LIFE programme level and at the individual LIFE project level**

# Why does the LIFE programme want projects to collect ES information?

## What is the information going to be used for? E.g.

- To contribute towards the delivery of the EU Biodiversity Strategy?
- For informing EU-level decision-making?
- For testing, applying and enhancing ES concept within EU?
- Justification for continued funding of the LIFE programme?

## What type of data does the programme want? E.g.

- What type of 'valuation' required? Monetary, qualitative, net change → *integrated valuation*
- Real change measures or scenarios/counterfactuals? → *realistic given project timescales*
- Standardised indicators? → *will this work given the breadth of projects*
- Harmonised approaches? → *one size fits all tool?*
- Certified methods?

# Projects need .....

## 1) Clear guidance on:

- What they are required to assess and why → *is it relevant for all?*
- What they are measuring → *socio-economic impact; ecosystem functions; ecosystem services?*
- What methods to follow → *best practice; MAES methodology?*

## 2) Capacity development

- Where to find resources & tools → *ES tools directories; OPPLA*
- Workshops, access to training / experts
- Opportunities for peer to peer learning

## 3) Adequate planning and financial resources

## 4) Realistic expectations

- At programme level and by projects themselves



**THANK YOU FOR LISTENING!**

**Thank you to all the LIFE project contacts who  
completed our survey**

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**Toolkit for Ecosystem Service Site-based Assessment**

<http://tessa.tools>

